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Ведущий преподаватель Н.А. Рожкова		Н.А. Рожкова
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Пояснительная записка

Методические рекомендации по учебной дисциплине ООД 03. Иностранный язык (английский) предназначены для выполнения самостоятельной работы обучающимися по специальности 36.02.01 Ветеринария. Самостоятельная работа выполняется по заданию и при методическом руководстве преподавателя, но без его непосредственного участия.

Целью самостоятельной работы является овладение обучающимся умениями работать с источниками, обобщения и анализа лексического и грамматического материала, включая фонетический аспект изучаемой дисциплины.

Методические рекомендации по самостоятельной работе студентов содержат материалы для подготовки к практическим занятиям, к формам текущего и промежуточного контроля.

Предложенные в рекомендациях задания позволят успешно овладеть профессиональными знаниями, умениями и навыками, и направлены на формирование общих компетенций:

- ОК 1. Выбирать способы решения задач профессиональной деятельности, применительно к различным контекстам.
- ОК 2. Использовать современные средства поиска, анализа и интерпретации информации, и информационные технологии для выполнения задач профессиональной деятельности ОК 4. Эффективно взаимодействовать и работать в коллективе и команде
- ОК 09. Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках.

При выполнении самостоятельной работы обучающийся самостоятельно осуществляет сбор, изучение, систематизацию и анализ информации, а затем оформляет информацию и представляет на оценку преподавателя или группы.

Виды самостоятельной работы

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Вид самостоятельной работы	Форма контроля	Максимал
п/п			ьное
			кол-во
			баллов
1.	Работа с источниками	Устный ответ на занятии	5
		Работа с лексическим,	
		грамматическим материалом.	
2.	Составление опорного конспекта в	Опорный конспект	5
	виде грамматического		

	комментария по определенной		
	теме.		
3.	Работа с лексикой (ведение	Наличие тетради – словаря.	5
	личного словаря с целью		
	повышения уровня вокабуляра).		
4.	Работа с текстами (перевод,	Письменный и устный ответ.	5
	аналитический перевод).		
5.	Лексический минимум	Письменный и устный ответ.	5
	(заучивание лексики наизусть).		
6.	Участие в научно-	Выступление на конференции	5
	исследовательской деятельности.		

Методические рекомендации по работе с источниками

Работа с источниками осуществляется с целью приобретения обучающимся навыков самостоятельного изучения учебного материала. Работа с источниками является важной составляющей при подготовке к занятиям.

Для подготовки к устному опросу необходимо прочитать текст источника, выделить главное, выполнить выборку ключевых лексических единиц, составить план высказывания, повторить изучаемый материал несколько раз. На учебном занятии полно, точно, доступно, правильно, взаимосвязано и логично изложить материал, иллюстрируя при необходимости примерами.

Работа с источником может быть предложена в форме аннотирования. Аннотация позволяет составить обобщенное представление об источнике. Для составления аннотации необходимо ответить на следующие вопросы:

- 1. Фамилия автора, полное наименование работы, место и год издания.
- 2. Вид издания (статья, учебник, и пр.).
- 3. Цели и задачи издания.
- 4. Структура и обзор содержания работы.
- 5. Основные проблемы, затронутые автором.
- 6. Выводы и предложения автора по решению выделенных проблем.

Источник аннотирования определяет преподаватель, он же оценивает аннотацию, сданную в письменной форме.

Методические рекомендации по работе с текстом.

- 1. Прочтение всего текста с погружением в информационное поле.
- 2. Письменная выборка ключевых лексических единиц.

- 3. Составление плана текста на русском языке (письменно).
- 4. Интерпретация текста по плану на английский язык, используя лаконичные предложения и фразы (письменно).

Методические рекомендации по составлению опорного конспекта (грамматического комментария).

При изучении иностранного языка грамматический комментарий составляется с целью обобщения, систематизации и краткого изложения информации. Составление опорного конспекта способствует более быстрому запоминанию учебного материала по грамматическим аспектам.

Составление опорного конспекта включает следующие действия:

- 1. Изучение текста учебного материала.
- 2. Определение главного и второстепенного в анализируемом тексте.
- 3. Установление логической последовательности между элементами.
- 4. Составление характеристики элементов учебного материала в краткой форме.
- 5. Оформление опорного конспекта.

Опорный конспект может быть представлен в виде схемы с использованием стрелок для определения связи между элементами; системы геометрических фигур; логической лестницы и т.д.

Оценкой опорного конспекта может служить качество ответа, как самого студента, так и других студентов его использовавших. Преподаватель также может проверить опорные конспекты, сданные в письменной форме. Допускается проведение конкурса на самый лучший конспект по следующим критериям: краткость формы; логичность изложения; наглядность выполнения; универсальность содержания.

Методические рекомендации по развитию фонетических навыков и техники чтения.

- 1. Изучить правила чтения гласных, согласных звуков, включая дифтонги.
- 2. Изучить правила ударения фонем.
- 3. Изучить правила транскрибирования звуков.
- 4. Изучить понятие фразового ударения.
- 5. Выполнять фонетические аудио упражнения после диктора всегда вслух.
- 6. Заучивать наизусть лексику с правильным произношением.

Методические рекомендации по работе со словарем (лексические навыки).

1. Составление собственного словаря в отдельной тетради.

- 2. Составление списка незнакомой лексики по темам.
- 3. Выполнять анализ отдельных лексических единиц для лучшего их понимания.
- 4. Выполнять подбор синонимов и антонимов к активной лексике.

Задания для самостоятельной работы

Самостоятельная работа №1

Упражнение 1. Выберите правильный вариант глагола

- 1. Last summer we **visited / have visited** all the interesting places in the region.
- 2. There are foot prints everywhere! Someone came / has come here!
- 3. It is an interesting book, I have read / read it.
- 4. They are not in the city, they **moved / have moved** to the country for the summer.
- 5. Mr Brown has changed / changed his job last year.
- 6. When did you go / have you gone to France?
- 7. I never watched / have never watched this film.
- 8. They watched / have watched an interesting movie a week ago.
- 9. Last winter she **has sold / sold** her flat and went / have gone to live abroad.
- 10. She **broke / has broken** her leg in the childhood.

Упражнение 2. Поставьте глагол в скобках в нужную форму (Past Simple, Present Perfect)

Mary (finish) school 10 years ago. He (write) a letter and now he is going to send it. Last weekend they (go) to the sea. When you (come)? I (not decide) yet where to go this weekend. John (leave) his bag in the library last Monday. Harry and Jane (buy) new TV set and now are enjoying a film. His grandfather (die) when he was a child. Clara (be) never abroad. John (not arrive) yet.

Упражнение 3. Переведите предложения с русского на английский, используя Present Perfect или Past Simple

Я знал этого мальчика, когда я ходил в школу. Они никогда не встречались раньше. Мои родители поженились 20 лет назад. Я уже целую вечность не видела своих друзей! Я только что приготовил кофе, будешь? Генри отправил письмо своим родителям на прошлой неделе. Он еще не получил ответ. Я потерял телефон вчера и до сих пор не нашел его. Он был таким голодным, что съел все, что было в холодильнике, и уснул. Уже 11 часов утра, а она все еще не встала.

Keys

Упражнение 1. visited ,has come, have read, have moved, changed, did you go, have never watched, watched, sold; broke

Упражнение 2. finished ;has written; went; did you come; have not decided; left; have bought; died; has never been ;has not arrived

Упражнение 3. I knew this boy when I went to school. They have never met before. My parents got married 20 years ago. I haven't seen my friends for ages! I have just made coffee, would you like some? Henry sent a letter to his parents last week. He hasn't received a reply yet. I lost my phone yesterday and have not found it yet. He was so hungry that he ate everything in the fridge and fell asleep. It is already 11 a.m. but she has not got up yet.

Самостоятельная работа №2

- 1. Учитель хотел, чтобы его ученики знали английский язык.
- a) The teacher wanted that his students know English.
- b) The teacher wanted his students to know English.
- c) The teacher wanted his students know English.

- 2. Мама не хотела, чтобы мы ели мороженое до обеда.
- a) Our mother did not want we to eat ice-cream before lunch.
- b) Our mother did not want to eat ice-cream before lunch.
- c) Our mother did not want us to eat ice-cream before lunch.
- 2. Раскройте скобки, используя сложное дополнение. Переведите.

I want (you) to open the door.

Dad always expects (I) to go fishing with him every weekend.

Our parents expect (we) to stop quarreling.

Sara would like (he) to drive her car.

I want (she) to do the task.

3.Переведите. I haven't got a textbook. I must buy one.

I don't like these yellow flowers. Let me have some red ones.

- 1. Она бы хотела, чтобы он получил первый приз.
- a) She would like him to get the first prize.
- b) She wanted like him to get the first prize.
- c) She would like he to get the first prize.
- 2. Учитель рассчитывал, что ученики поймут правило.
- a) The teacher expected that the students would understand the rule.
- b) The teacher expected the students to understand the rule.
- c) The teacher counted on the students to understand the rule.

Раскройте скобки, используя сложное дополнение. Переведите.

I want (she) to read this rule.

My brother taught (I) to swim and dive.

They would like (we) to read aloud.

Bob expects (she) to stay for another week.

We expect (he) to arrive at noon.

Переведите. I haven't got a textbook. I must buy one.

I don't like these yellow flowers. Let me have some red ones.

Самостоятельная работа №3

- 1) insect a) дорогой
- 2) health b)столица
- 3) celebrate c)насекомое
- 4) decorate d)холодильник
- 5) capital e)доверять
- 6) expensive f)трудолюбивый
- 7) fridge g)здоровье
- 8) hardworking h)уважать
- 9) respect і)праздновать
- 10) trust j)украшать
- 1) There are a lot of ... in the yard.
- a) children b) childs c) child
- 2) ... you meet her at the station?
- a) Does b) Did c) was
- 3) ...she cook breakfast every morning?
- a) Does b) Did c) was
- 4) I ... not heard this news.
- a) did b) have c) will
- 5) My uncle ... five languages.
- a) to speak b) speaks c) speak
- 1) I just (to have) my homework.
- 2) I ...(to live) in the USA for ten years.
- 3) John ...(to work) very hard at the moment.

	4) When they (to finish) their work, they went home.
	5) Whatyou (to do) last week?
	Употребление глаголов: can, could, must, may, should.
	1) Sheget up early in the morning.
	2) Ann sing, dance and draw.
	3) You cross the street when the light is green.
	4) you pass me a scone, please?
	5) I ask you a question?
	Самостоятельная работа №4
	Задание 1. Match the English word with its Russian equivalent.
	1) typical a) опасный
	2) healthy b)симптомы
	3) equipment c)типичный
	4) colourful d)оборудование
	5) hospital e)цветной
	6) symptoms f)дружеский
	7) friendly g)путешествие
	8) dangerous h)столовая
	9) travelling i)здоровый
	10) canteen j)больница
	Choose the correct variant.
	1) Johnfootball every day.
	a) play b) is playing c) plays
	2) What languageyounow?
	a) arespeaking b) isspeaking c) amspeaking
	3) Ann(learn) German for six years.
	a) have been learning b) has been learning has learnt
	4) He (to be) at the hospital last week.
	a) were b) is c) was
	5) She (to live) with her parents in London last year.
	a) has lived b) lived c) had lived
	Задание 3. Open the brackets and put the verb in the correct form.
	1) He often(to play) table tennis.
	2) She(to clean) the room now.
	3) Pete(to help) about the house this week.
	4) Wherethey (to live)? In Glasgow.
	5) Yesterday we (to discuss) this question last week.
	Задание4. Fill in the blanks with the following modal verbs: can, could, must, may,
	shouldn't.
	1) The sky is too grey. It rain all day.
	2) It is a secret. Youtell it anyone.
	3) Pupils be at the lessons in time.
	4)you tell me the way to the nearest library?
	5) Shespeak English fluently.
	Самостоятельная работа №5
	1)Fill in: uniform, freelancer, lift, overtime, salary, research, Health science, sound and safe.
1.	Do you often work?
2.	Hot air can paper.
3.	I would like to work as a
4.	His is 300 000 dollars a year.
5.	She graduated from the university where she studied

7. Does your mother wear a? She is a cashier. 2)Fill in prepositions. 1 Looking at these photos brings so many memories. 1 lived in the ideal site to bring 3. She fell down and we were trying to bring her 4 beginning of this year I try to do morning exercise. 5. President is in charge the whole country. 6 the age of 10 she lived with her strict grandma, but it was hell. He couldn't live pressure. 7. Arctic Monkeys brings a new hit. 3)Translate. 1. Violent 2. Bring about 3. Step by step 4. Переработка 5. Зарплата 6. Бесконечно 7. Улучшать 8. Развивать 9. Место 10. Приводить в сознание 4)Translate from English. 1. Houlbon was the first governor of the Bank of England. 2. Charles Darwin developed the theory of evolution. 3. Elizabeth Fry improved living of women in business. 4. On September 19th was presented the first hot-air ballon. 5)Open the brackets using Past Present or Past Perfect. 1. When Lisa (arrive) at the airport she (discover) she
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4. Jillian (be) very pleased to see that Jack (clean) the
kitchen.
5. Bill (feel) sick last night because he (eat) too many cakes at
the party.
6. First I (tidy) the flat, then I (sit) down and
(have) a cup of tea.
*Find and correct mistakes.
 My sister Molly lived in London before she had Moved to New Zealand.
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2. After Nick ate the sandwiches, he drank some juice.
 After Nick ate the sandwiches, he drank some juice. Nick had eaten all the sandwiches, had drunk all the juice and had gone to work.
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